


The Rule of Law in Action

The rule of law ensures all people receive equal and fair treatment. So, how can we see it in action?



Each title and description on the left does not match the information on the right.

 Cut out each piece and rearrange them to match the information to the correct heading, then glue them onto separate pages.

See how many you can get right!

Law and Order



Everyone has the right to disagree, protest, and join political parties of their choosing. This ensures those in power are held accountable for their actions and decisions.

Justice



Regular elections after a set term, hold those in power accountable. Acceptance of the results enables a peaceful transfer of power from one party to the next.

Human Rights



Your property can only be seized from you if you have broken the law and not by arbitrary control. This provides consistency, stability, and security so you can live your life the way you want.

Protection of Property



Democracy relies on active participation from all citizens. Civic duty builds a stronger democracy (ie electing to become a member of parliament, voting in elections, being informed, debating issues, attending community meetings, paying taxes, abiding by the law).

Elected Representatives



The rule of law treats everyone as equal under the law. Diversity includes people from different cultural backgrounds, gender, religious beliefs, and people with disability.

Free Speech



Decisions and laws are made in an open and transparent way.

Civic Duty



Elected representatives rule on behalf of those who voted them into power.

Accepting the Results



Separation of powers between the legislature, executive, and judiciary provides the mechanism to limit power between those who make the laws, apply the laws, and enforce the laws.

Transparency



Each person is valued equally and must have equal opportunities. No one should be discriminated against because of their race, religion, ethnicity, or gender. The human rights of all citizens are protected from arbitrary control.

Limiting the Control of Power



No one is above the law – including elected officials, the police and members of the military. Laws are enforced equally and fairly without bias or prejudice, maintaining peace and stability in the community.

Diversity



Laws are applied fairly and equally to punish wrongdoers and right wrongs. The justice system provides fair and prompt trials.



TEACHER ANSWERS

<p>Law and Order</p> 	<p>No one is above the law - including elected officials, the police and members of the military. Laws are enforced equally and fairly without bias or prejudice, maintaining peace and stability in the community.</p>
<p>Justice</p> 	<p>Laws are applied fairly and equally to punish wrongdoers and right wrongs. The justice system provides fair and prompt trials.</p>
<p>Human Rights</p> 	<p>Each person is valued equally and must have equal opportunities. No one should be discriminated against because of their race, religion, ethnicity, or gender. The human rights of all citizens are protected from arbitrary control.</p>
<p>Protection of Property</p> 	<p>Your property can only be seized from you if you have broken the law and not by arbitrary control. This provides consistency, stability, and security so you can live your life the way you want.</p>
<p>Elected Representatives</p> 	<p>Elected representatives rule on behalf of those who voted them into power.</p>
<p>Free Speech</p> 	<p>Everyone has the right to disagree, protest, and join political parties of their choosing. This ensures those in power are held accountable for their actions and decisions.</p>
<p>Civic Duty</p> 	<p>Democracy relies on active participation from all citizens. Civic duty builds a stronger democracy (ie electing to become a member of parliament, voting in elections, being informed, debating issues, attending community meetings, paying taxes, abiding by the law).</p>

TEACHER ANSWERS Cont'd

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